## Karush-Kuhn-Tucker Conditions with Inequality and Equality Constraints

For a problem in the following form,

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Min } & f(\mathbf{x}) \\
\text { s.t. } & g_{i}(\mathbf{x})-b_{i} \geq 0 \quad i=1, \ldots, k \\
& g_{i}(\mathbf{x})-b_{i}=0 \quad i=k+1, \ldots, m \tag{3}
\end{array}
$$

A) Give below the KKT necessary conditions, explaining each equation.

| Description | Equation | Applies to |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Feasibility |  |  |
| No direction which <br> improves objective and <br> is feasible |  |  |
| Complementary <br> slackness |  |  |
| Positive Lagrange <br> multipliers |  |  |

B) Solve for the optimum using the KT conditions

Min $f=4 x_{1}^{2}+2 x_{2}^{2}$
s.t. $\quad 3 x_{1}+x_{2}=8$
$2 x_{1}+4 x_{2} \leq 15$

Note: at the optimum, it is known that the inequality constraint is satisfied but not binding. Take advantage of this information.
C) For the following problem,

Min $\quad f=x_{1}^{2}+x_{2}$
s.t. $\quad g_{1}=x_{1}^{2}+x_{2}^{2}-9 \leq 0$

$$
g_{2}=x_{1}+x_{2}-1 \leq 0
$$

Show that the point $[1,0]$ does not satisfy the KT conditions

```
CONTOURS
f
BOUNDARIES-
    1-g1
```



