## Karush-Kuhn-Tucker Conditions for Equality Constraints

For a problem in the following form,

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Min } & f(\mathbf{x}) \\
\text { s.t. } & g_{i}(\mathbf{x})-b_{i} \geq 0 \quad i=1, \ldots, k \\
& g_{i}(\mathbf{x})-b_{i}=0 \quad i=k+1, \ldots, m \tag{3}
\end{array}
$$

A) Give below the KKT necessary conditions, explaining each equation.

| Description | Equation | Applies to |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Feasibility |  |  |
| No direction which <br> improves objective and <br> is feasible |  |  |
| Complementary <br> slackness |  |  |
| Positive Lagrange <br> multipliers |  |  |

B) Given the following problem, solve for the solution using the KKT Conditions.

Min $f=2 x_{1}^{2}+x_{2}^{2}+4 x_{3}^{2}$
s.t. $\quad g_{1}=x_{1}+2 x_{2}-x_{3}=6$

$$
g_{2}=2 x_{1}-2 x_{2}+3 x_{3}=12
$$

Hint:
$\mathrm{A}:=\left(\begin{array}{ccccc}1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & -2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 8 & 1 & -3\end{array}\right) \quad \mathrm{b}:=\left(\begin{array}{c}6 \\ 12 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0\end{array}\right) \quad \mathrm{A} \cdot \mathrm{x}=\mathrm{b} \quad \mathrm{x}:=\mathrm{A}^{-1} \cdot \mathrm{~b} \quad \mathrm{x}=\left(\begin{array}{l}5.045 \\ 1.194 \\ 1.433 \\ 7.522 \\ 6.328\end{array}\right)$

